

DR-OSGi: Hardening Distributed Components With Network Volatility Resiliency

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Motivating Example: “DNA Hound”

```
try {  
  //a remote service invocation  
}  
catch (RemoteException e) {  
  //exception handling code  
}
```

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try {  
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}
```

Too much custom-coded exception handling!!

```
// exception handling code  
}
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Background

▶ Component Infrastructures

- OSGi

- Service-oriented component platform for Java
(Encapsulation with bundles, Management Architecture)

- R-OSGi

- Remote OSGi to support distributed services (Proxy based distribution, Exceptions to signal network failure)

▶ Network Volatility

- Temporary network outage

- Random channel errors, node mobility, and congestion

Background

- ▶ Disconnected operations
 - Commonly used techniques
 - Caching
 - Queuing
 - Replication
 - Hoarding
 - Multi-modal operations
- ▶ Aspect Oriented Programming
 - Modularizing cross-cutting concerns

Disconnected Remote OSGi: DR-OSGi

- ▶ Treat network volatility as a disease
 - Unavoidable and omnipresent
 - Cannot always prepare for it in advance
 - E.g., naïve implementation practices, execution environment changes, etc.
- ▶ Leverage the collected wisdom of distributed system developers
 - Disconnected operations, fault-tolerant designs
 - Custom-coded for individual applications
 - Not reusable and hard to customize

Disconnected Remote OSGi: DR-OSGi

- ▶ Improve on state of the art in middleware
 - Advanced middleware (e.g., R-OSGi)
 - Raise exceptions in response to network volatility
 - Reestablish connection once the network is up again
 - Require programmer handle exceptions manually
- ▶ Treat symptoms of volatility systematically
 - Use hardening strategies (e.g., medicine) for QoS
 - Detect volatility, instantiate and deploy a strategy
 - Return to normal operation once the network is up again

Treating Symptoms

▶ Flu

- Cannot eliminate the flu
- Treat symptoms
- Improve the quality of life



▶ Network Volatility

- Cannot avoid network volatility
- Treat symptoms
- Improve the quality of service (QoS)



Disconnected Operations

Caching

Queuing

Replication

Hoarding

Contributions

1. An approach for hardening distributed component applications with network volatility resiliency
2. Programming abstractions to express hardening strategies
 - Customizable hardening strategies for networks and applications
 - Reusable hardening strategies across applications
3. A reference middleware implementation that can harden existing distributed component applications



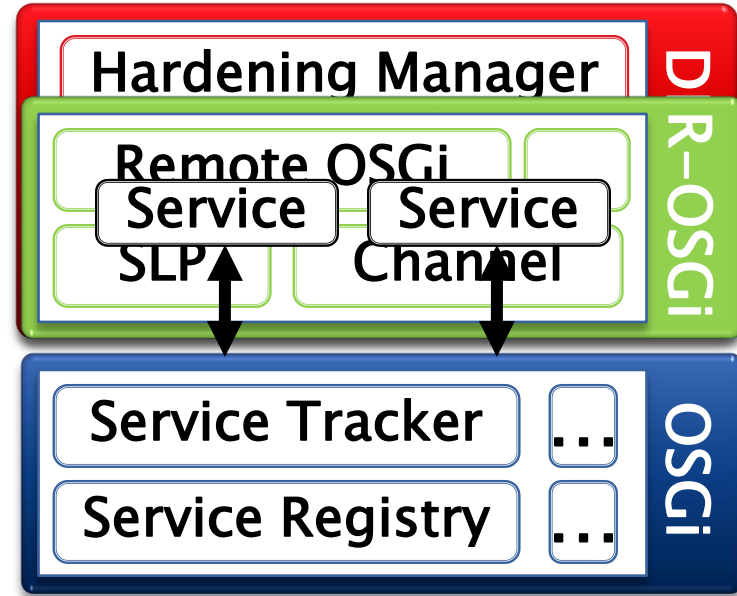
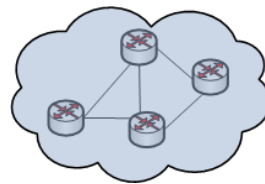
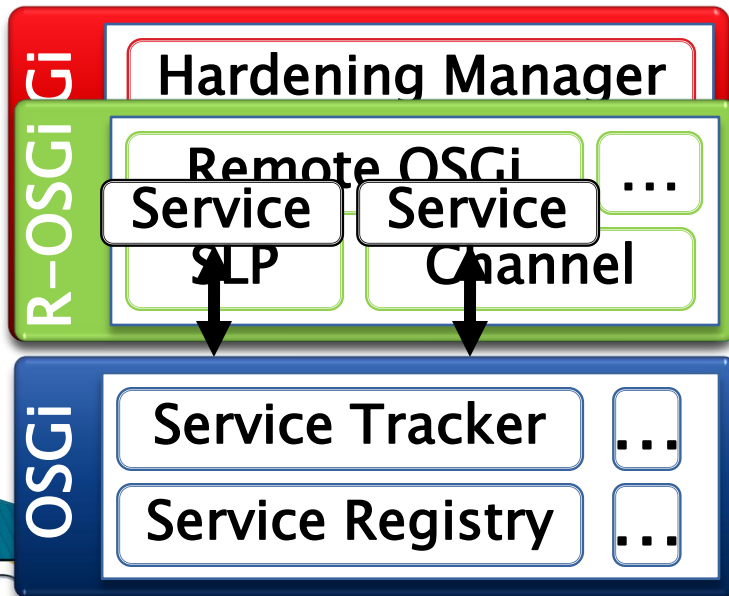
Roadmap

- ▶ DR-OSGi Design & Architecture
- ▶ Treating Symptoms of Network Volatility
- ▶ Evaluation
 - Benchmarks
 - Case Study
- ▶ Future Work
- ▶ Conclusion

DR-OSGi Design Objectives

- ▶ **Transparent**
 - Should not affect the core functionality of the underlying application
- ▶ **Flexible**
 - One should be able to start and stop a hardening strategy dynamically
- ▶ **Extensible**
 - Hardening strategies should be easy to program, modify, and extend

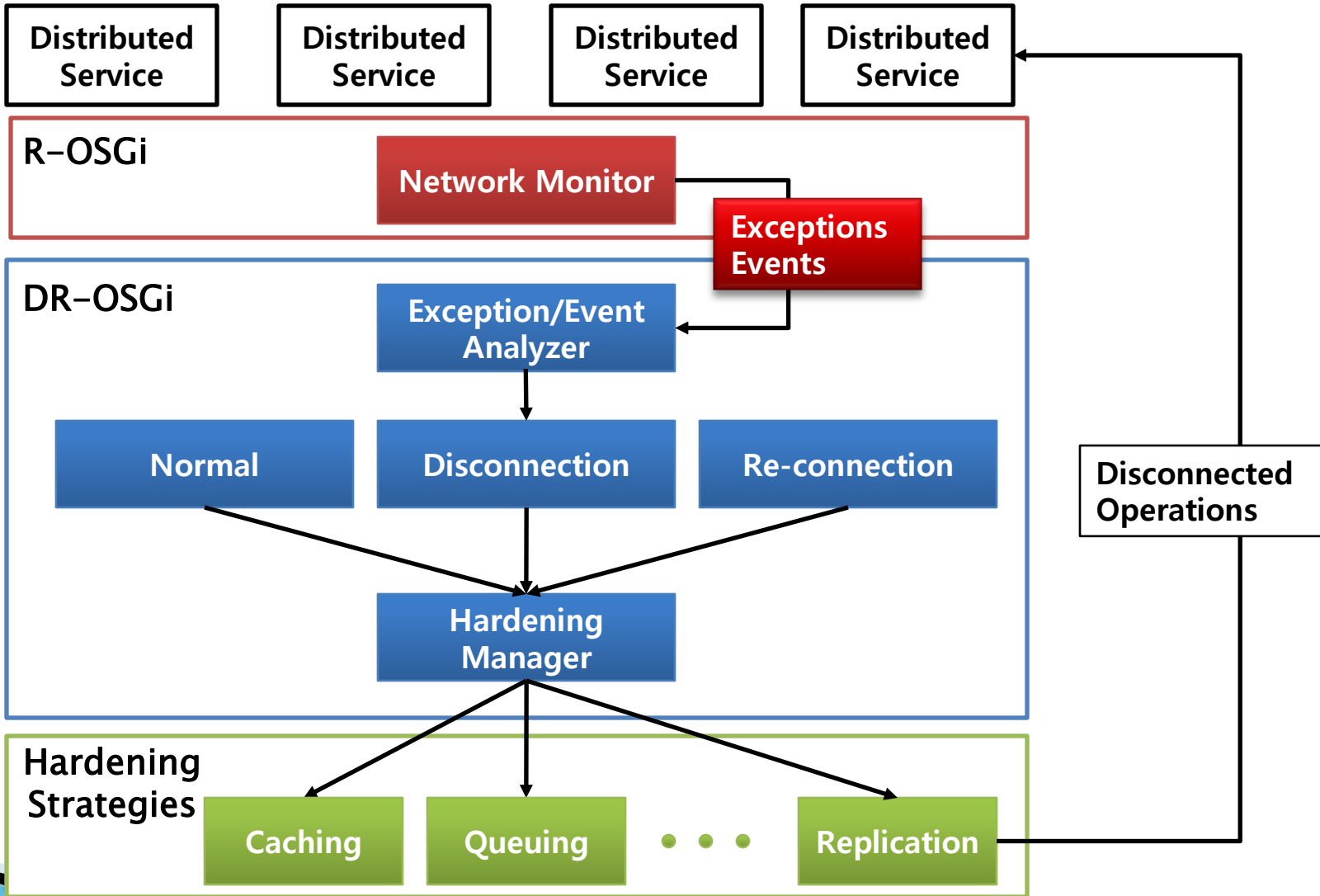
DR-OSGi Architecture



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DR-OSGi

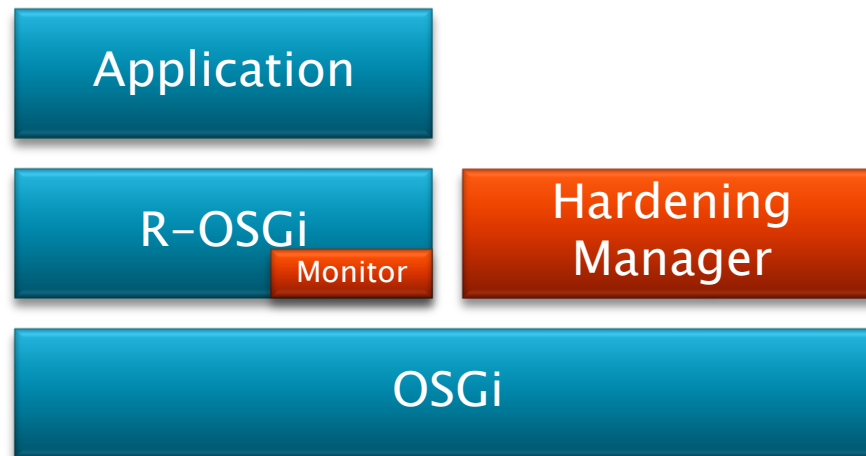


Treating Symptoms of Network Volatility

- ▶ Detect network volatility
 - Hardening manager
 - Monitor network condition
 - Catch network related exceptions
 - Manage hardening strategies
- ▶ Cope with network volatility
 - Hardening manager
 - Notify network condition to hardening strategies
 - Hardening strategy
 - Provide disconnected operations

Hardening Manager

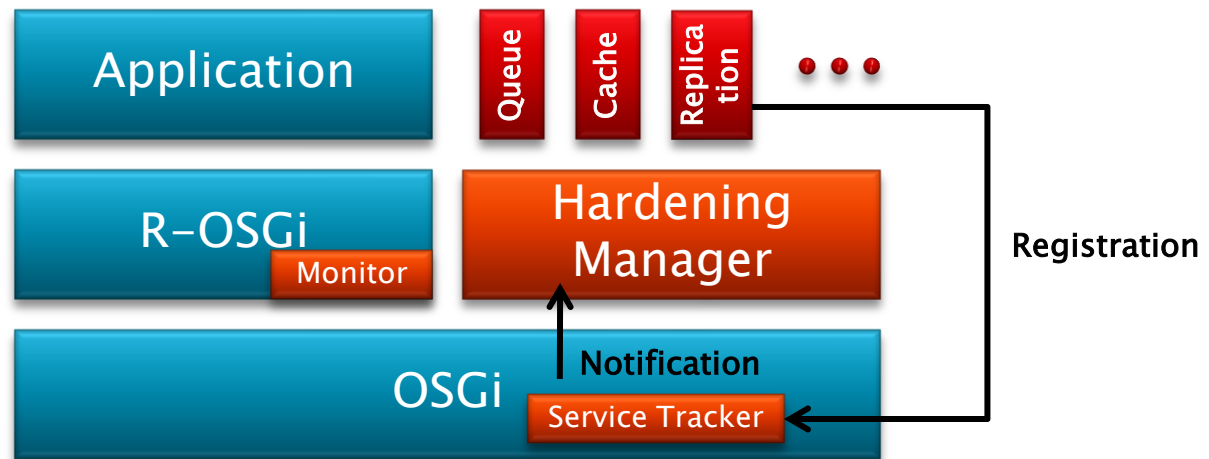
- ▶ Hardening manager as an aspect
 - Network monitor is woven at runtime
 - JBoss AOP for runtime weaving
 - Weave a standard OSGi bundle into the R-OSGi at bundle life cycle (e.g., start/stop)



Hardening Manager

▶ Management

- Hardening strategy bundles
 - Track registration/unregistration of hardening strategy bundles
- Distributed component applications
 - Manage applications' disconnected operations



Hardening Strategy

- ▶ Hardening strategy bundles
 - Standard OSGi bundles
 - A simple deployment configuration file
- ▶ Reusable hardening strategies
 - Across different distributed applications
- ▶ Extensible hardening strategies
 - Can derive new strategies
 - Customize library bundles to create specialized domain-specific strategies

Hardening Strategy

▶ Programming model

```
public interface DisconnectionListener {  
    public Object disconnectedInvoke( ... );  
    public Object reconnected( ... );  
    public void remoteInvoke( ... );  
    public void serviceAdded( ... );  
    public void serviceRemoved( ... );  
}
```

```
public class Queuing implements DisconnectionListener { ... }
```

▶ Configuration

```
RemoteServiceName=org.mypackage.MyBundle  
HardeningServiceName=org.otherpackage.CachingHardening
```

Roadmap

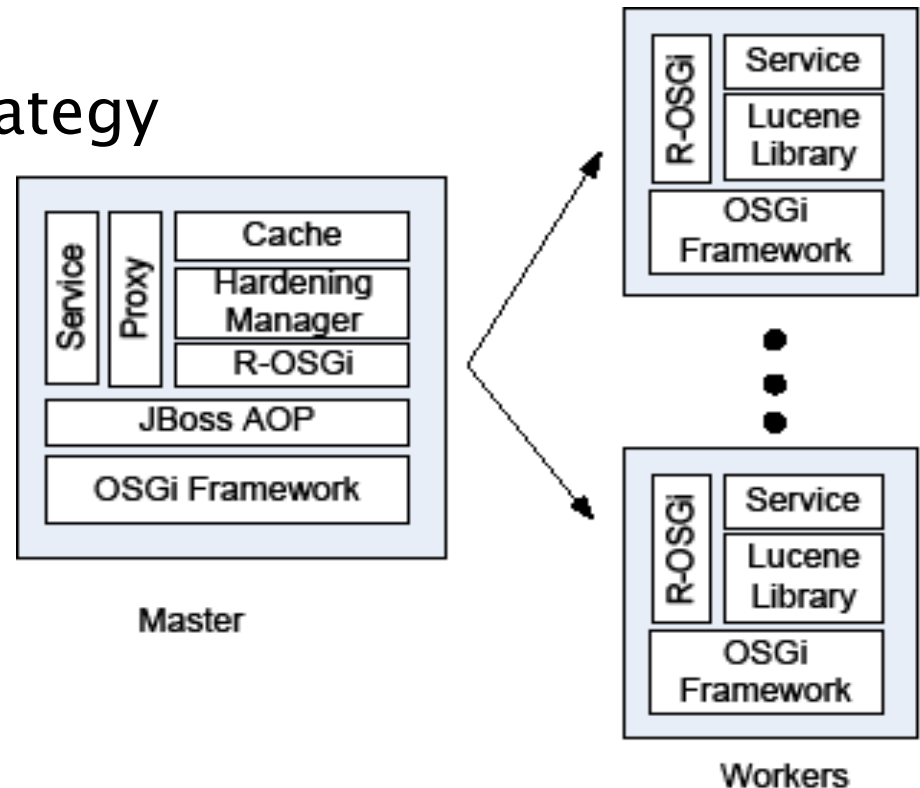
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Evaluation

- ▶ Remote Log
 - Based on existing OSGi log service
 - Queuing hardening strategy
- ▶ Remote User Admin
 - Based on existing User Admin service
 - Caching hardening strategy

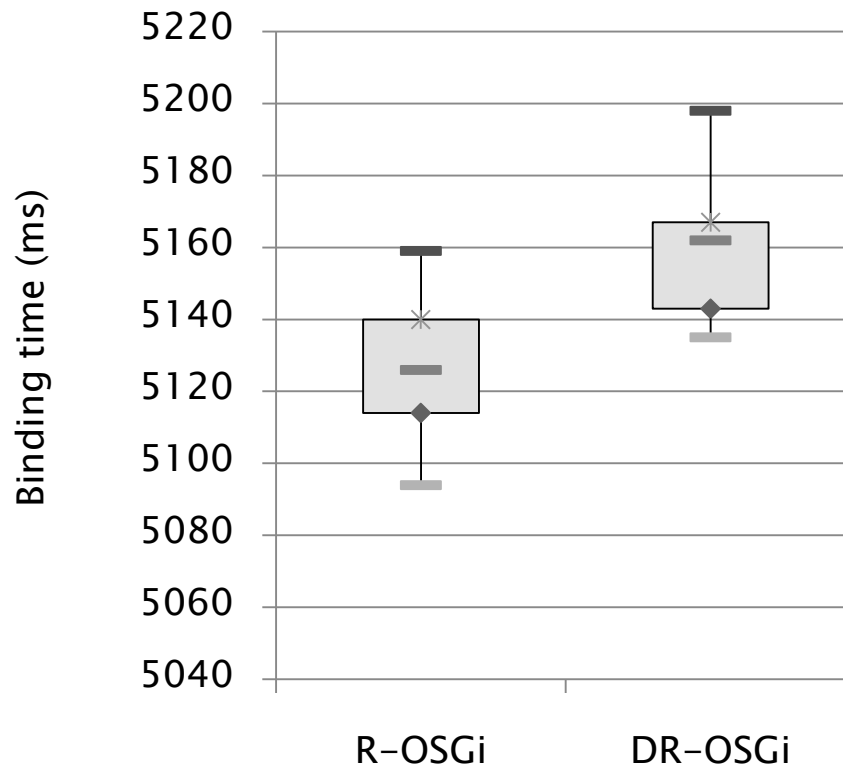
Evaluation

- ▶ Distributed Search Engine
 - Lucene search engine library
 - Master-worker model
 - Caching hardening strategy
 - Benchmarks



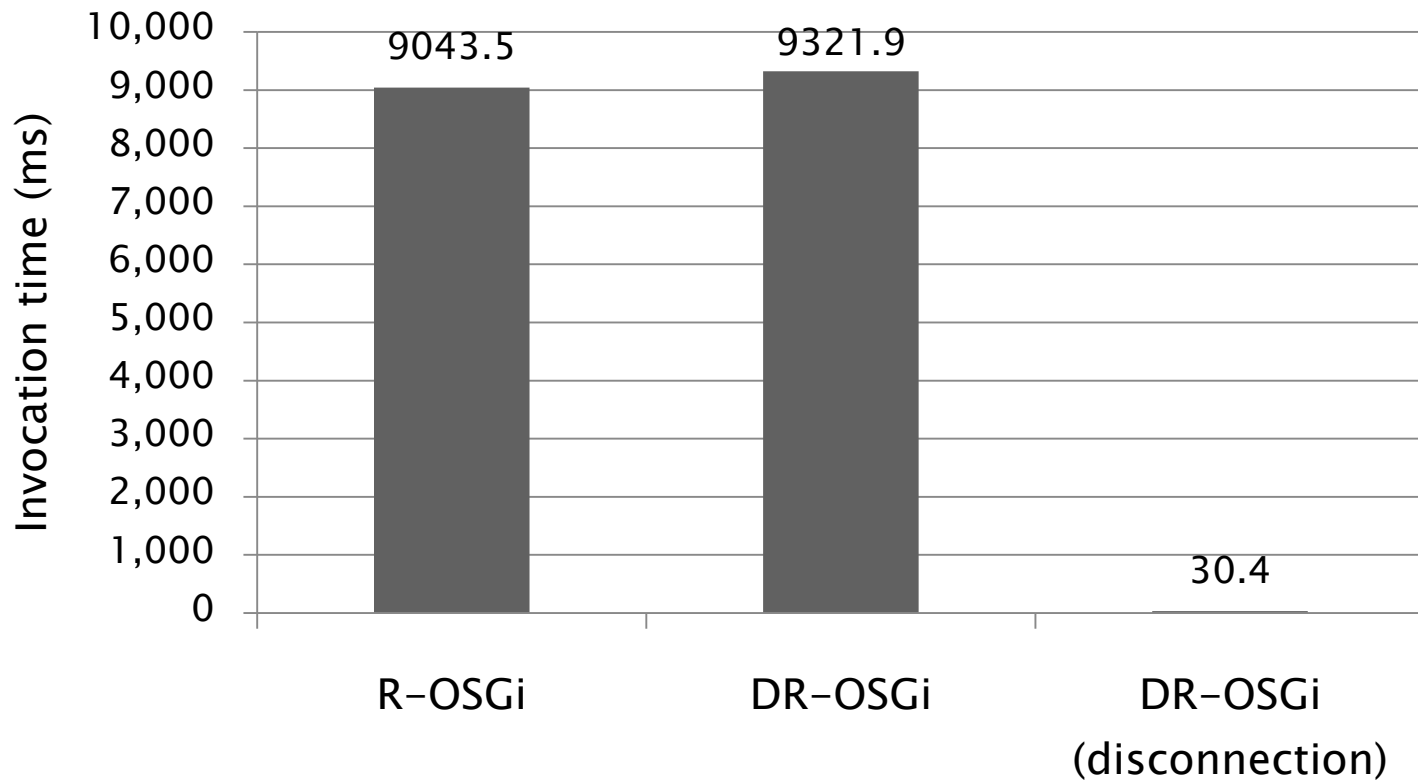
Benchmarks

▶ Binding time



Benchmarks

▶ Invocation time



Case Study

▶ DNA Hound System

Criminal evidence warehouse



Roadmap

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- ▶ Evaluation
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- ▶ **Future Work**
- ▶ **Conclusion**

Future Work

- ▶ Fault tolerant distribution middleware
 - Network failure, Software failure, Security, etc
- ▶ Application to other distributed component infrastructures
 - Ex. Remote Service of OSGi R4.2

Conclusions

- ▶ Distributed applications suffer from temporary network outages
- ▶ Distribution middleware should provide fault tolerance mechanism
 - Improve reliability and QoS
- ▶ DR-OSGi
 - Systematic hardening approach to cope with network volatility
 - Reusable and extensible hardening strategies

Thank you!

Related Work

- ▶ Disconnected operations
 - Rover toolkit
 - Mobile Extension
 - Odyssey
 - FarGo-DA
- ▶ Middleware support for new functionality
 - Adaptive CORBA template (ACT)
- ▶ Middleware support for fault-tolerance
 - GRAFT
- ▶ Systematic security hardening